

( ) , ( )

-

( // : // : )

( )

+ ( )  
 T3 T1: ( )  
 T5 + T4 T2 +( )

T2 %

) T2  
 ) T1 ( ) T5 ( ) T4 ( ) T3 (

( )

:

.(Diekmn *et al.*, 1994)

.(Eskandari, 1997)

( )

)

.(Arshad *et al.*, 1999)

(

( )

, ( )

.1968)

.(Unger, 1978)

.(Lopez *et al.*, 1996)

)

)

( )

(

(

/

/

)

(

.(Dalal *et al.*, 1998)

.(Anon., 1992)

%

.(Mejahed & Sander, 1998)

.(Bregle, 1982)

(1999) Halvorson *et al.*

.(Izaurrealde *et al.*, 1995)

)

(

)

(

(

)

)

(

)

)

(

(

.(Anon., 1990)

(T3)

(2004) Hemmat & Eskandari

(T4)

(T2) (T1) (T4) (T3)

(1999) Rahimzadeh *et al.*

(2006) Hemmat & Eskandari

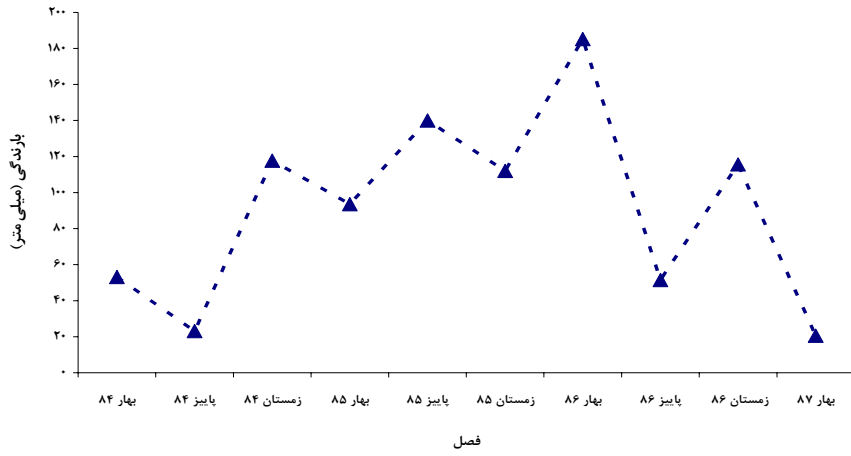
(1993) Pikul *et al.*

( )

/ / / / % / % )

( % / ( ) )

( )



+

T1:  
T2

(power harrow)

T3

×

)

T4

+

T5

(

×

(...

)

)

.(

( )

( )

( )

Clay	Silt	Sand	ppm	ppm	EC*10 <sup>3</sup> dS/cm	s.p
/	/	SCL	/	/	/	/

)

:

) ( )

---

( )	( % )	( % )	( )
			//
			//
			//

---

---

( )

---

) HRB 252D  
( )

---

- ( )

---

/ )  
( /

BD =  $W_s/V$  ( )  
(g/cm<sup>3</sup>) = BD  
(g) = W<sub>s</sub>  
(cm<sup>3</sup>) = V

( )

+ ) T4

(

T3 T2

( )

+

+

( )

---

---

( ) ( ) ( )

/ ns / ns / ns / ns / ns / ns

/ \*\* / \*\* / \*\* / ns / \* / \*

/ / / / / /

.% % \*\*\* ns

%

( )

T2

( )

T5

(

/ )

(

/ )

+

/ \*\*

/ \*\*

/ ns

/

.% % \*\*\* ns

/ : (%CV)

( )

(g/cm3)

---

---

/ \*

/ b

/ b

T1

/ \*

/ a

/ a

T2

/

/ a

/ a

T3

/

/ b

/ b

T4

/

/ b

/ b

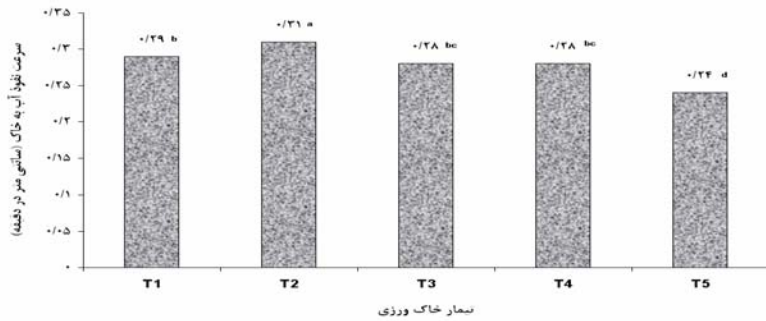
T5

.% %

\*\*\* ns

%

( )



( )

( + )

(kg/ha)

**	** **	ns	/ **	**	**	**	
/	/	/	/				
/ ns	/ ns	/ ns	/ ns	ns	ns	ns	
/ ns	/ ns	/ ns	/ *	ns	ns	ns	*
/	/		/				
	/		/		/	/	CV%
		.% %			** *	ns	

( ) T5 ( ) T4 ( )

( ) T3

( ) (T1)

( ) T2

(Anon.,

) T4 ( ) T3 (

1990; Hemmat & Eskandari, 2004; Halvorson *et al.*, 1999; Lopez *et al.*, 1996)

( ) T5 (

( ) T1

/ / /

( ) T2

( )

( + )

(cm) (kg/ha) (kg/ha)

/	/	/	/	T1
/	/	/	/	T2
/	/	/	/	T3
/	/	/	/	T4
/	/	/	/	T5

( ) ( )

)

(

( )

( + )

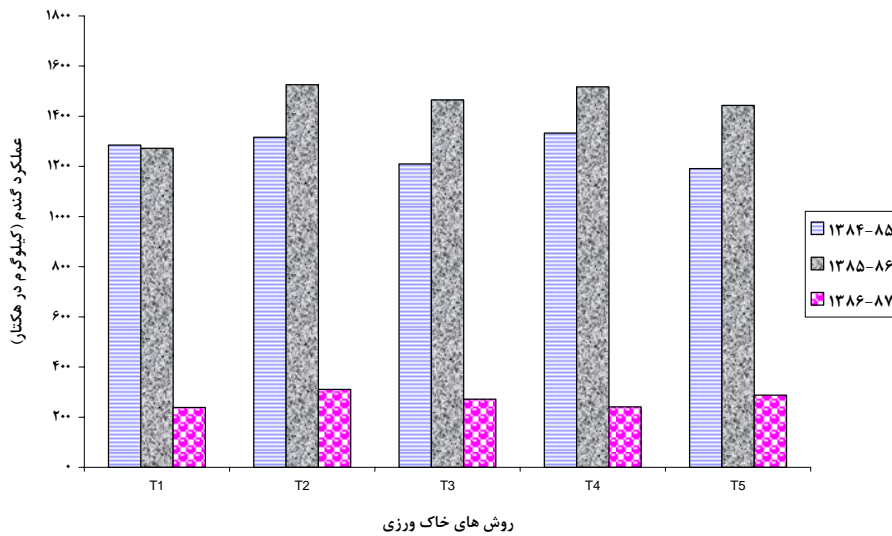
( + )

( + )

ns	ns	/ ns	/ ns	/ *	**
/ ns	/ ns	/ ns	/ ns	/ ns	ns
		/	/	/	/

% %

\*\* \* ns



### REFERENCES

Anonymous. (1990). *Farm resource management program*. Annual report for 1990. ICARDA. Aleppo. Syria.

Anonymous. (1992). *Farm resource management*

*program*. Annual report for 1992. ICARDA. Aleppo. Syria.

Arshad, M.A., Franzluebbbers, A. J., & Gill, K.S. (1999). Improving barley yield on an acidic



- Boralf with crop rotation, and zero tillage. *Soil & Tillage Research*, 50, 47-53.
- Brengle, K.C. (1982). *Principles and practices of dryland farming*. Colorado Associated University Press. Boulder. Colorado 309.
- Dalal, R. C., Strong, W. M., Weston & E.J., Cooper . (1998). Sustaining productivity of a Vertisol at Warra, Queensland, with fertilizers, no-tillage, or legumes. Wheat yields, nitrogen benefits and water-use efficiency of chickpea-wheat rotation. *Australian Journal of Experimental Agriculture*. 38(5)489-501, 33.
- Diekmann, J., Bansal, R. K. & Moonroe, G.E. (1994). *Developing and delivering mechanization for cool season food legume*. Kulwer Academic Publisher. Netherlands.
- Eskandari, I. (1997). *Determination of tractor drawbar power in different depths in dryland conditions*. Research Report. Dryland Agricultural Research Institute. (in Farsi)
- Halvorson, A. D., Blak, A. L., Krupinsky, J. M, & Merrill, S. D. (1999). Dryland winter wheat response to tillage and nitrogen within an annual cropping system. *Agronomy Journal*, 91, 702-707.
- Hemmat, A. & Eskandari, I. (2004). Tillage system effects upon productivity winter wheat-chickpea rotation in the northwest region of Iran. *Soil & Tillage Research*, 78(11), 69-81.
- Hemmat, A. & Eskandari, I. (2006). Dryland winter wheat response to conservation tillage in a continuous cropping system in northwestern Iran. *Soil & Tillage Research*, 86, 99-109.
- Hillel, D. (1982). *Introduction to soil physics*. Academic Press, New York.
- Izaurrealde, R.C., Choudhary, M., Juma, G.N. McGill, W. B. & Haherlein, L. (1995). Crop and nitrogen yield in legume-based rotations practiced with zero tillage and low input methods. *Agronomy Journal*, 87 (5), 968-964.
- Lopez-Bellido, L., M, Fuentes., Castillo, J.E. & E.J.Fernandez. (1996). Long-term tillage, crop rotation, and nitrogen fertilizer effects on wheat yield under rained Mediterranean condition. *Agronomy Journal*, 88 (5), 783-791.
- Mejahed, E.I & Sander, K. D. H. (1998). Rotation, tillage and fertilizer effects on wheat-based rainfed crop rotation in semiarid Morocco. Proceeding of 3<sup>rd</sup> *European Conference on Grain Legumes*. Opportunities for high quality, healthy and added-value crops to meet European demands. Valladolid, Spain, 442-454.
- Pikul, Jr., J. L., Ramig, R. E., & Wilkins, D. E. (1993). Soil properties and crop yield among four tillage systems in a wheat- pea rotation. *Soil & Tillage Research*, 26, 151-162.
- Rhimzadeh, R., Heidari, A., Loveimi. N., & Naraki. F. (2009). *Study on the effects of different tillage method on physical properties of soil and wheat yield in legume- wheat rotation in dryland area*. Research Report. Dryland Agricultural Research Institute. (in Farsi)
- Triplett, Jr.G.B., Vandoren Jr D.M. & Schmidt, B.L. (1968). Effect of corn straw mulch on no tillage corn yield and water infiltration. *Agronomy Journal*, 60, 236-239.
- Unger, P. W. 1978. Straw mulch rate effect on soil water storage and sorghum yield. *Soil Science Society of American Journal*, 42, 486 - 491.
- Unger, P.W., & Mccalla, T.M. (1980). Conservation tillage systems. *Advances in Agronomy*, 33, 1-58.