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(Picea abies (L.) Karst)

Picea excelsa

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A Quantitive and Qualitive Study of *Picea excelsa* and *Pinus nigra* in Fandoghloo Forest Reserve.

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Abstract

To study the quantitive and qualitive characteristics of *Picea excelsa* and *Pinus nigra* plantations in Ardabil, Fandoghloo forest reserve was selected. Seventeen square sampling plots (10×10 m) were selected using randomized systematic sampling. Quantitive characteristics included survival rate, total and height, collar diameter while vitolity was taken as the qualitive characteristic. A comperative study between *Picea excelsa* and *Pinus nigra* on indentical aspect and slope (southern , 20 %) indicated a higher growth of diameter and height for Picea *excelsa*. (*Picea excelsa* 1.12 Cm and 0.26 m, *Pinus nigra* 0.64 Cm and 0.15 m). Results showed that from survival point view, there was no significant difference between the species. From vitality point of view, *Picea excelsa* was superior.

Keywords: Plantation, Quantitive and Qualitive Study, *Picea excelsa*, *Pinus nigra*, Fandoghloo, Ardabil.

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