
*

(// // //)

)
([-] [])

[]

[]

[]

[]

[-]

()

()

$$\mathbf{c}_j = \mathbf{x}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{x}_i^*$$

(-)

$$\mathbf{x}_j^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{x}_j = 1$$

()

[]

[-]

[]

$$\mathbf{M} \ddot{\mathbf{r}} + \mathbf{C} \dot{\mathbf{r}} + \mathbf{K} \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{p}(s, t)$$

()

$\mathbf{K} \quad \mathbf{C} \quad \mathbf{M}$

\mathbf{r}

[]

[]

\mathbf{K}

μ

$\mathbf{K} - \mu \mathbf{M}$

$$\mathbf{p}(s, t) = \sum_j \mathbf{f}_j(s) g_j(t) = \mathbf{f}(s) \mathbf{g}(t)$$

()

\mathbf{f}_1

$g_1(t)$

$$\mathbf{M} \ddot{\mathbf{r}} + \mathbf{C} \dot{\mathbf{r}} + \mathbf{K} \mathbf{r} = g_1(t) \mathbf{f}_1(s)$$

()

$$\mathbf{K} \mathbf{x}_1^* = \mathbf{f}_1$$

()

()

$$\mathbf{K} \mathbf{x}_i^* = \mathbf{M} \mathbf{x}_{i-1} \quad i = 2, \dots, n$$

()

$$[-\omega^2 \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{K} (1 + 2\beta i)] \mathbf{r}(\omega) = G_1(\omega) \mathbf{f}_1(s)$$

()

$\mathbf{r}(\omega)$

$$\mathbf{x}_i = \mathbf{x}_i^* - \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} \mathbf{c}_j \mathbf{x}_j$$

(-)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \mathbf{Y}^R \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \mathbf{r}(\omega) = \mathbf{r}(t)e^{-i\omega t} \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ (\mathbf{X}^R)^T \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \mathbf{g}_1(t) \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ G_1(\omega) \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{K}_d \mathbf{Y}^R = \mathbf{F}^R \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \frac{2\beta}{\omega} \mathbf{K} \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{K}_d = (\mathbf{X}^R)^T [-\omega^2 \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{K} (1 + 2\beta i)] (\mathbf{X}^R) \quad (5)$$

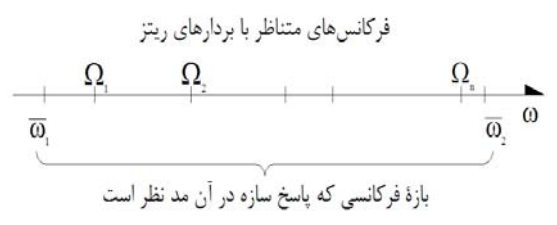
$$\mathbf{F}^R = (\mathbf{X}^R)^T G_1(\omega) \mathbf{f}_1(s) \quad (6)$$

$$G_1(\omega) = \frac{1}{-\Omega_i^2 \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{K} (1 + 2\beta i)} \quad (7)$$

$$[-\Omega_i^2 \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{K} (1 + 2\beta i)] \mathbf{X}_i^R = \mathbf{f}_1(s) \quad (8)$$

$$\mathbf{K}_d = \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} \quad (9)$$

N



$$\mathbf{X}^R = [\mathbf{X}_1^R \quad \mathbf{X}_2^R \quad \dots \quad \mathbf{X}_n^R] \quad (10)$$

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{X}^R \mathbf{Y}^R \quad (11)$$

$$[-\Omega_i^2 \mathbf{I} + \Lambda][\mathbf{Y}_i] = \mathbf{F} \quad (1)$$

$$[-\omega_i^2 \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{K}(1 + 2\beta i)]\mathbf{X}_i = \mathbf{0} \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{Y}_{ji} = \frac{F_j}{-\Omega_i^2 + \omega_j^2} \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{X} = [\mathbf{X}_1 \quad \mathbf{X}_2 \quad \dots \quad \mathbf{X}_N] \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{X}_i^R = \frac{F_1}{-\Omega_i^2 + \omega_1^2} \mathbf{X}_1 + \frac{F_2}{-\Omega_i^2 + \omega_2^2} \mathbf{X}_2 + \dots + \frac{F_N}{-\Omega_i^2 + \omega_N^2} \mathbf{X}_N \quad (5)$$

$$\Lambda = \text{Diag}[\omega_1^2 \quad \omega_2^2 \quad \dots \quad \omega_N^2] \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{X}^R = \mathbf{X} \mathbf{Z} \quad (7)$$

$$\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{M} \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{I} \quad (8)$$

$$\mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{K} \mathbf{X} (1 + 2\beta i) = \Lambda \quad (9)$$

$$\mathbf{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{F_1}{-\Omega_1^2 + \omega_1^2} & \frac{F_1}{-\Omega_2^2 + \omega_1^2} & \dots & \frac{F_1}{-\Omega_N^2 + \omega_1^2} \\ \frac{F_2}{-\Omega_1^2 + \omega_2^2} & \frac{F_2}{-\Omega_2^2 + \omega_2^2} & \dots & \frac{F_2}{-\Omega_N^2 + \omega_2^2} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{F_N}{-\Omega_1^2 + \omega_N^2} & \frac{F_N}{-\Omega_2^2 + \omega_N^2} & \dots & \frac{F_N}{-\Omega_N^2 + \omega_N^2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

$$[-\omega^2 \mathbf{M} + \mathbf{K}(1 + 2\beta i)]\mathbf{r}' = \mathbf{f}_1(s) \quad (11)$$

$$\mathbf{r}' = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{f}_1(s) \quad (12)$$

$$|\mathbf{Z}| = F_1 F_2 \dots F_N \times \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{-\Omega_1^2 + \omega_1^2} & \frac{1}{-\Omega_2^2 + \omega_1^2} & \dots & \frac{1}{-\Omega_N^2 + \omega_1^2} \\ \frac{1}{-\Omega_1^2 + \omega_2^2} & \frac{1}{-\Omega_2^2 + \omega_2^2} & \dots & \frac{1}{-\Omega_N^2 + \omega_2^2} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{1}{-\Omega_1^2 + \omega_N^2} & \frac{1}{-\Omega_2^2 + \omega_N^2} & \dots & \frac{1}{-\Omega_N^2 + \omega_N^2} \end{vmatrix} \quad (13)$$

$$[-\omega^2 \mathbf{I} + \Lambda][\mathbf{Y}] = \mathbf{F} \quad (14)$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{f}_1(s) \quad (15)$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{f}_1(s) \quad (16)$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{f}_1(s) \quad (17)$$

(

B

B

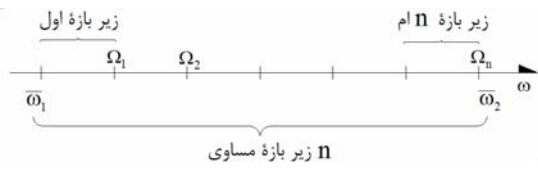
(Ω_i)

)

(

n

n . ()



Ω₁

:

Ω_i

()

A

E

Method I

/

/

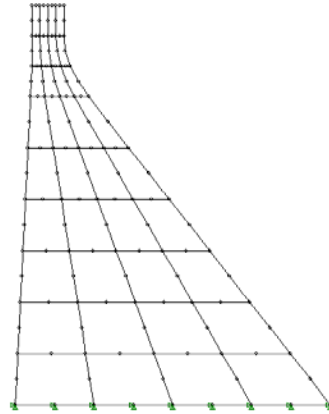
β

A

)

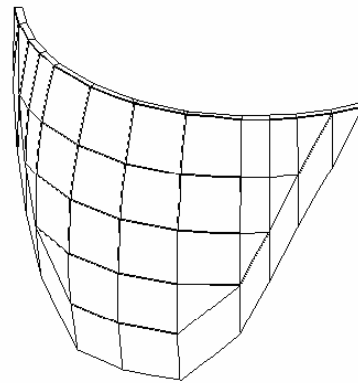
(A) Pine Flat

:



(B) Morrow Point

:



()

m n B

m
m ()

A (-)

B ()

(-) ()
(-) (-)

Method II

m n
(-)

(-)

(-)

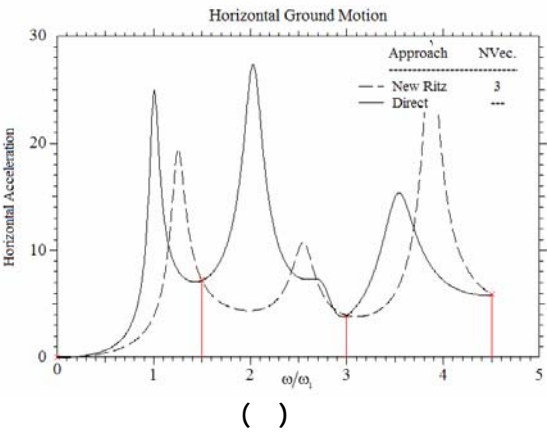
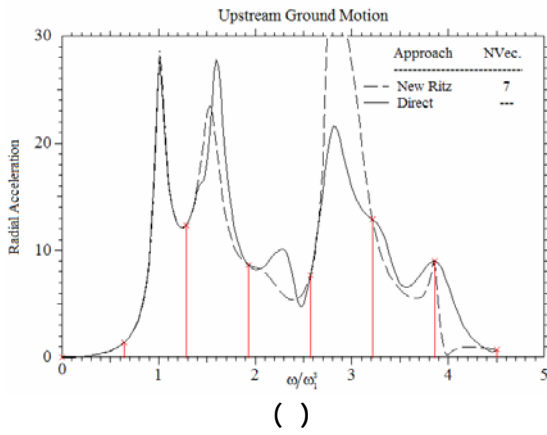
B

()

(-)

[]

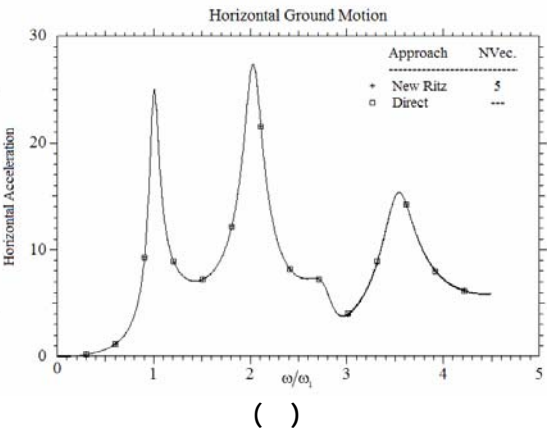
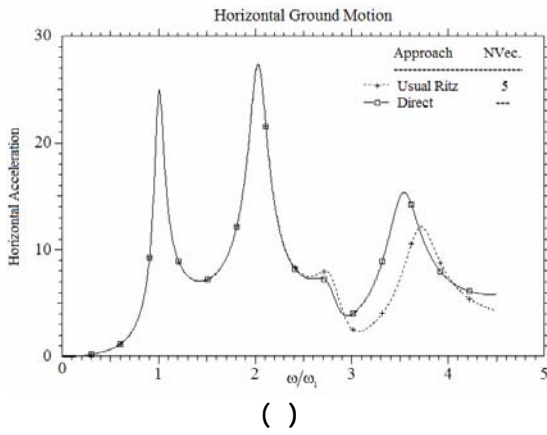
B



B - () A - ()

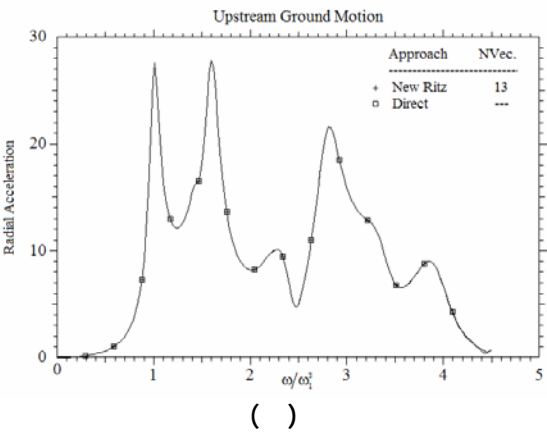
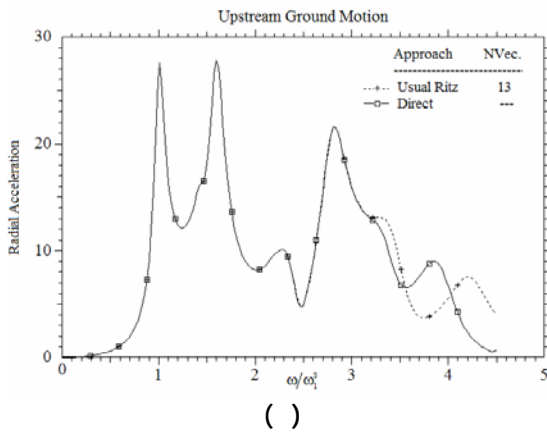
()

: ()



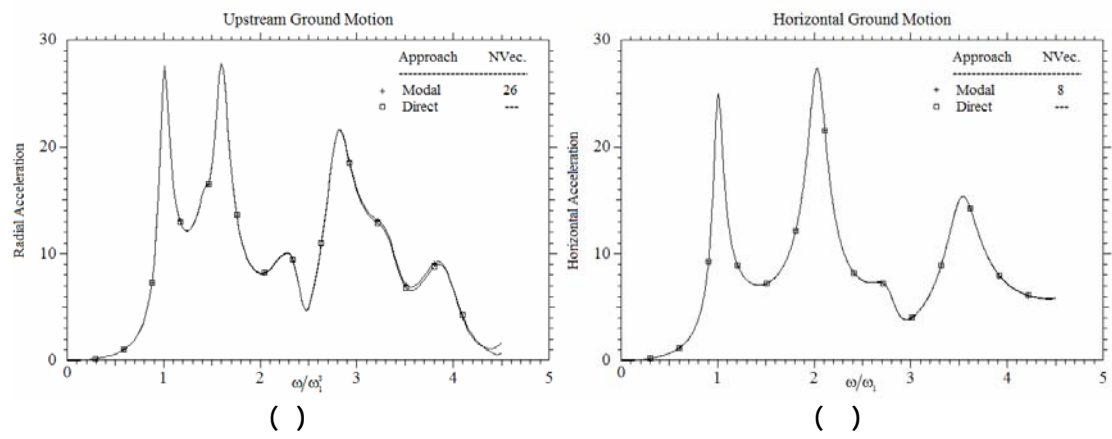
-()

-() A :

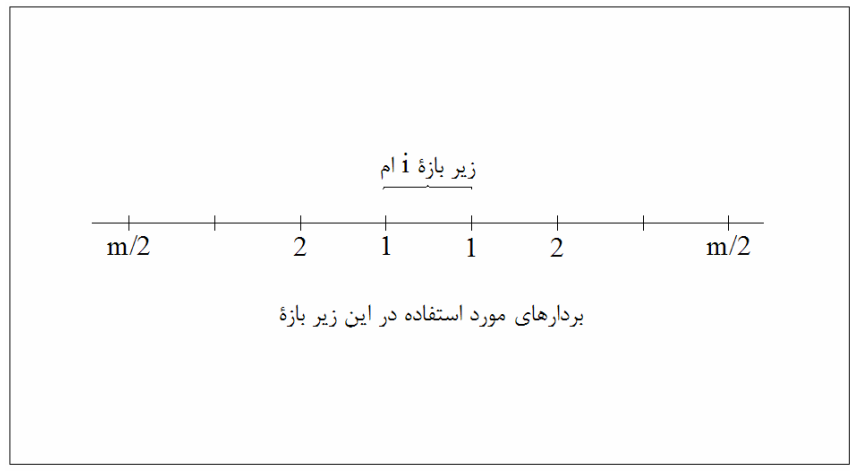


-()

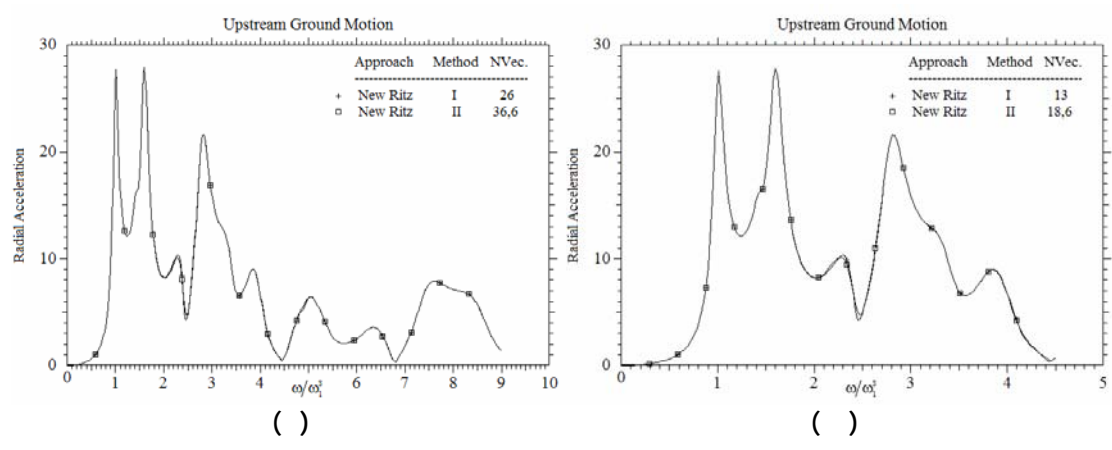
-() B :



B - () A - () :



(i) :



B :

•

•

:

-
-
-)
- .(
- 1 - Wilson, E. L., Yuan, M. W. and Dickens, J. M. (1982). "Dynamic analysis by direct superposition of Ritz vectors." *Earthquake Eng. Struct. Dyn.*, Vol. 10, PP.813-821.
 - 2 - Leger, P., Wilson, E. L. and Clough, R. W. (1986). "The use of load dependent vectors for dynamic and earthquake analysis." *Report No. UCB/EERC 86-04, Earthquake Engineering Research Center, University of California, Berkeley, CA.*
 - 3 - Joo, K. J., Wilson, E. L. and Leger, P. (1989). "Ritz vectors and generation criteria for mode superposition analysis." *Earthquake Eng. Struct. Dyn.*, Vol. 18, PP.149-167.
 - 4 - Ibrahimbegovic, A. and Wilson, E. L. (1990). "Automated truncation of Ritz vectors basis in modal transformation." *J. Eng. Mech. ASCE 116*, PP.2506-2520.
 - 5 - Joo, K. J. and Wilson, E. L. (1987). "Generation of Ritz vectors for adaptive finite element dynamic analysis." *Proc. U.S.-Korea Seminar Critical Eng. Sys.*, Seoul, Korea 1.
 - 6 - Arnold, R. R. and Citerley, R. L. (1985). "Application of Ritz vectors for dynamic analysis of large structures." *Comput. Struct.*, Vol. 21, PP.901-907.
 - 7 - Bayo, E. P. and Wilson, E. L. (1984). "Use of Ritz vectors in wave propagation and foundation response." *Earthquake Eng. Struct. Dyn.*, Vol. 12, PP.499-505.
 - 8 - Wilson, E. L. and Bayo, E. P. (1986). "Use of special Ritz vectors in dynamic substructure analysis." *J. of Structural Engineering*, Vol. 112, PP.1944-1954.
 - 9 - Xia, H. and Humar, J. L. (1992). "Frequency dependent Ritz vectors." *Earthquake Eng. Struct. Dyn.*, Vol. 21, PP.215-231.
 - 10 - Lotfi, V. (2004). "Direct frequency domain analysis of concrete arch dams based on FE-(FE-HE)-BE technique." *Journal of Computers and Concrete*, Vol. I, Issue 3.
-